NAPANEE BEAVER.

NAPANEE, ONT., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1880. ... in advance, postage paid. Vol. X. No. 7.

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Do not, by any means, be induced to insure your property in any Company without first consulting E. S. Lapum, who, whether you give him your risk or not, will, if you call on him, tell you (friend or foe), something to your advantage.

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Begs to announce that he represents the following well-named Mutual Fire, Life, Accident and Loan Companies for the Counties of Lennox and Addington, and would respectfully ask the insuring public to consult him as to rates before giving their applications to any one else, as he is convinced that by making a specialty of insurance, he can serve them to their special advantage.

READ!

COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE CO. OF LONDON, ENGLAND.

Capital	$12,500,000
Invested Funds	[illegible]
Dep. protection policy holders	[illegible]

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Authorized Capital	$3,000,000
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One Hundred Thousand Dollars to loan on Real Estate, first mortgage.

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For rates of any of the above-named companies, enquire of the undersigned personally, or by post.

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$10 TO $1,000 INVESTED

$300 A MONTH GUARANTEED

$66 A WEEK IN YOUR OWN town.

$1500 TO $6000 A YEAR

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Done on the Shortest Notice.

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MARKET VIEW RESTAURANT.

Hot Meal, 15c. Lunch, 12c.

WELL POCKETS.

Fancy Wood Work Made to Order.

...

Improve your own condition,
By bringing others to their aid!

You see how "Peter's" ragged brow
Is seamed with lines of care and grief.
The cause is plain—and even now
His case seems quite beyond relief...
His income—just five hundred pounds,
Is nothing—when a thousand's due.
Things really are beyond all bounds,
The reason, ...

"So many wants," you always say;
So many things we have to buy,
And money runs so fast away,
That we can't pay (although we try)
And so the bills just grow and grow,
Like mushrooms, only not so good,
And "Peter" ...
His ... in a ... mood!

I think you sometimes might refrain
From buying—when you cannot pay.
The reason is so very plain
That "money runs so fast away!"
Restrain expenses—stay at home.
Make "Peter" happy if you can,
And then whatever needs may come,
"Peter" will be an honest man!

Chambers' Journal.

WISE AND OTHERWISE.

—High-toned—Church bells.

—Alas! for those Elopin-Maine-iacs.

—Bagged up in their business—Doctors.

—If five and a half yards make a perch, how many will make a trout?

—No one is so colour-blind as to mistake a big cent for a quarter.

—There is nothing like a short-hand reporter to take a man down.

—Why ought a short bed to answer for a tall man? 'Cause he'll add two feet to it.

—It is easy to breakfast in bed if you will be satisfied with a few rolls and a turnover.

—Although she uses paint, and is fond of riding, don't compare her to a mounted chromo.

—A Western judge has decided that dry goods are dry goods, even when soaked in water a whole week.

—Some write, talk and think so much about vice and virtue that they have no time to practice either.

—That was a wise colored man who, in speaking of the happiness of married people said, "Dat ar' 'pends altogedder how dey enjoys demselves."

—A man, boasting of the smartness of his children, said the youngest was so smart, it would take its hand off a hot stove twice without being told.

—Where is there a greater satire upon ... where the queen has ... the work, and the king is to be ...

... gentleman, in speaking ... "colored," said, ...

—If all men were to bring their misfortunes together in one place most would be glad to take their own home again, rather than to take a portion out of the common stock.

—Teacher: "Peter, of what shape is the earth?" Peter: "Round, sir." Teacher: "And how do you know that?" Peter: "Why, sir, you told me so yesterday."

—The most cruel thing ever said on a woman ... old officer ... flirt. Why ... and flirt with the undertaker.

—When you hear a church choir singing, "There will be no more sorrow there," you conclude at once that either the present choir will not be there, or they will not be permitted to sing.

—They were soon to be married. He had vague ideas of house furnishing, and to asked her what kind of carpets ... She said, "Ax-..." ... protested it ... business.

—A Frenchman, writing in English to ... friend, and looking in the dictionary for the word "preserve," and finding it ... wrote as follows: "May ... and your family be pickled to all eternity."

—"I was not aware that you knew him," said Tom Smith to an Irish friend, ... the other day. "Know him!" said he, in a tone which comprehended the knowledge of a lifetime—"I know him ... his father was a boy."

—Fellows who were sliding down Tremont street in Boston the other day, with a Derby hat on and her hands in the pockets of a long ulster, ... "Say, mister, if yer had a cigar ... wouldn't you?"

—A member of a school board, not a thousand miles from Boston, visited a school under his jurisdiction, ... "Well, children, you ... read, but you ... commit."

—A countryman bargained with a California photographer for a half-length picture of himself at half-price, and when the artist delivered ... the subject ... more forcible than polite.

—"That's good butter," said Shirley ... the other morning, ...

LADIES' COLUMN.

—The gossip about the revival of the Greek coif still goes on in England.

—Mufflers for gentlemen have dark grounds striped with scarlet and old gold.

—Fine silk is mixed with some of the new chenille trimmings to give them brilliancy.

—Dark-green camels'-hair and brown plaid wool are combined in some walking costumes.

—The combination of violet and white seen in to have been derived from the footstole flower.

—White woollen was the material most in favor for reception dresses in Paris New Year's day.

—Card cases of ... silver, are shown in Paris.

—... gant of new bonnets is given by the humming birds, which decorate it.

—The embroidered accessories for trimming of solid color are now sold at comparatively low prices.

—The tobacco is now used for decorative purposes by people who are tired of the ... flower and daisy.

—Black kid gloves, with stitching of garnet or gold, are imported for those who can endure their ugliness.

—Delicate velvet, soft, Mandarin, yellow and two pretty shades of gray are the favorite colors in note-paper.

—In order to determine whether any shade of gray be mourning, lay a black ribbon on it. If it show no red or blue tones, it expresses mitigated grief as well as color sorrow.

Women in Agriculture.

Mrs. Longley takes the entire management of her farm at South Amherst, Mass.

A Kansas exchange cites Miss Mary McCutcheon, of Lawrence, as an example of what has been done in the midst of what are called hard times in that State. This lady was left a widow ten years ago with a bit of land and fourteen children. She is reckoned one of the best farmers in her vicinity, and now owns three large farms, which she is running with the assistance of her boys.

Miss M. F. Austin, of the Central Colony, Cal., has twenty-eight acres of vineyard, twenty in bearing this third year from cuttings, from which she has already made, according to the *Pacific Rural Press*, 4,000 pounds of raisins, and will add 2,000 pounds more during the season. The Muscat of Alexandria and Muscatel de Gordo Blanco are the varieties of grapes used. Miss Austin employed this season 1,000 platforms during the curing process. Her vines yielded an average of ten pounds each of grapes the first season of bearing. Her grape product this season will pay all expenses of the vineyard, pay for the platforms, boxes, etc., which can be used successive seasons, and possibly a small margin above. She is very justly proud of her success and enthusiastic over the future prospects of the raisin industry in this country.

How to Pass an Examination in Law.

"Examiner—Do you smoke, sir? Candidate—I do, sir. Examiner—Have you a spare cigar? Candidate—Yes sir (extending a short six). Examiner—Now, sir, what is the first duty of a lawyer? Candidate—To collect fees. Examiner—Right; What is the second? Candidate—To increase the number of his clients. Examiner—When does your position towards your client change? Candidate—When making a bill of costs. Examiner—Explain. Candidate—Then we occupy the antagonist's position. I assume the character of plaintiff, and he becomes defendant. Examiner—A suit decided, how can you stand with the lawyer conducting the other bill? Candidate—Cheek by jowl! Examiner—Enough, sir; you promise to be an ornament to your profession, and I wish you success. Now, are you aware of the duty you owe me? Candidate—Perfectly. Examiner—Describe the duty. Candidate—It is to invite you to drink. Examiner—But suppose I decline? Candidate (scratching his head)—There is no instance of the kind on the books. I cannot answer the question. Examiner—You are right, and the confidence with which you have made the assertion shows you have read the law attentively; let's take the drink, and I will sign your certificate."

...

—The greatest man is he who chooses right with the most invincible resolution; who resists the sorest temptation from within and without; who bears the heaviest burdens cheerfully; who is the calmest in storms and the most fearless under menaces and frowns; whose reliance on truth, on virtue, and on heaven, is most unfaltering.

Some Eccentric People.

In a review held at Weymouth many years ago, General Dundas' horse fell with him. An officer in attendance immediately dismounted to assist the general, and was much concerned to learn that his leg was broken.

"I will try to get your boot off," said the officer.

"Do man, do," replied the general.

A knife was instantly produced.

"What are you about?" exclaimed the general.

"I am going to cut your boot off."

"You shan't do any such thing. No, sir; I bought them just before I came to the camp, and I gave six-and-thirty-shillings for them. Pull it off, sir; pull it off."

It was represented to the wounded general that it was impossible under his present sufferings; but nothing would do; "the boot should not be cut to pieces in that manner."

At that moment George III. arrived at the spot, anxiously inquiring what had happened. "What! what! not cut off the boot? Pooh, pooh; stuff!" said the king. "Cut it off—cut it off."

"No," replied the general. "They are new boots, your Majesty; and I command him at his peril not to cut the boot. He can pull it off."

The attempt then made to draw off the boot was at length accomplished, though the agony of the sufferer was painfully manifest by the perspiration dropping from his forehead.

The celebrated Lessing having missed money at different times without being able to discover who took it, determined to put the honesty of his servant to a trial, and left a handful of gold on the table. "Of course you counted it?" said one his friends. "Counted it?" said Lessing, rather embarrassed. "No, I forgot that."

Philip Fitzgibbon was supposed to possess a more accurate and extensive knowledge of the Irish language than any person living; and his latter years were industriously employed in compiling an English and Irish Dictionary, of four hundred quarto pages, which he left completed with the exception of the letter S, ...

...

HOUSEHOLD HELPS.

...

—Paradise Pudding.—Mix the following ingredients dry: Four ounces each of beef suet and bread crumbs, four tablespoonfuls of moist sugar, a pinch each of salt and grated nutmeg, six large apples chopped small, the grated rind of a fresh lemon; then moisten them with three well whisked eggs and two tablespoonfuls of sherry wine, flavor with the juice of a lemon. Mix well together, and place in a buttered mould, and boil it for three hours. Serve it with pudding sauce. If baked, it will take an hour and a-half.

—Washing.—The washerwomen of Holland and Belgium, so proverbially clean, and who get up their linen so beautifully white, use refined borax as a washing powder, instead of soda, in the proportion of a large handful of pulverized borax to about ten gallons of boiling water. They save in soap one-half. All other large washing establishments adopt the same mode. For laces, cambrics, &c., an extra quantity of powder is used, and for crinolines required to be made very stiff, a strong solution is necessary. Borax, being a neutral salt, does not in the slightest degree injure the texture of the linen; its effect is to soften the hardest water, and it should be kept on every toilet table.

The Duty of Enjoyment.

It is clear that people do not think enough of the simple pleasures of life. It may be asked then, in order to realize in oneself and in others the full benefit of a pleasurable existence, it is necessary to pursue pleasure as something intrinsically desirable. It will not do to seek it merely as a means to an end beyond itself. Pleasure must be loved and sought in and for itself if it is to be the good which it is capable of becoming. A man should be steeped in the atmosphere of happiness if he is to enjoy the efficient and beneficent existence we have described, and this presupposes what may paradoxically be called a disinterested liking for pleasure. It is by no means easy to persons of a certain temperament to cultivate the spirit of enjoyment in this way. In truth, it may be said to be the result of a difficult art which will only be acquired by those who have reached a high pitch of ...

...

Down Hill.

New York Times.

But the tobogganing was the real fun of the evening, and a pretty sight the great ... slide made with its rows of Chinese lanterns extending down, down a quarter of a mile into the trees, with the red glare of the bonfire to light up the ... of much compressed but laughing humanity, as one after the other they dashed with thirty-mile-an-hour speed with a swing and a crunch and a growl, which is the peculiar and most jolly language of the most captivating of winter sports. Now and again, but rarely, for the fates were kind last night, a load would sway wildly from side to side for a moment in its course, the steersman would give an unfortunate touch too much to the right or left, and presto! all the king's horses and all the king's men could not prevent a plunge in the snow or a free-and-easy roll down the slippery path. But no one was hurt, and if there is one thing more than another which tends to make things pleasant on these occasions it is the bon camaraderie engendered by a good upset.

Lord Lorne opened the ball with a "grand descent" on a much laden toboggan carrying a flaming torch of the inner rind of the birch bark. Thin as a paper, and full of resin, it flares up ... a fierce glare, and with an unearthly yell of warning down rushes the first toboggan, the flaming portions of the torch falling on all sides into the smooth white snow. Mr. Harbord and Mr. Bagot, the ... aides-de-camp, and Maj. de Winton, the Governor General's secretary, were devoted to the sport, and the two former, with Lord Grosvenor, who is now on a visit to Lord Lorne, presented appearances more remarkable for sound practical ... than for any delicate grace of outline. For the benefit of tobogganers it may be hinted that you take a body of strange rotundity, the ... framework being first liberally covered with a comfortable padding of ... and in addition to the ordinary ...

...

Supplement to the Sentinel-Review.

SATURDAY, 28th FEBY., 1880.

It is almost certain that GRANT will be the republican candidate in the next presidential election year, but it cannot be said not be the strong card that it was expected he would make.

The representation of South Ontario in the Dominion Parliament is settled at last. The petition against the return of D. W. GIBBON has been finally set aside by judgment of the supreme court in favor of the sitting member, Mr. GIBBON. Mr. GIBBON has pushed the petition industriously and all the satisfaction he will reap for his labor will be that of paying the costs arising from the whole affair.

The Toronto are again anxious for another metropolitan treaty with Canada. Delegates from the Boston Board of trade are delegating in Washington for the appointment of a commission to prepare a basis of reciprocity with Canada. The National Policy has not driven our neighbors entirely from this country as they have been broadening Canada in the market that it injures our commercial cousins. The National Policy has not materially arrest the progress for some years, and that political question statement it to be, but there seems to be little doubt that it is slowly but surely purifying and renovating the national system.

PROFESSOR HAYES, of the United States, is an advocate of that dog-in-the-manger policy dubbed the "Mormon doctrine." He is said to be strongly in favor of an official re-affirmation of the said "doctrine" with respect to the Panama or intercoceanic ship canal. It is likely that this talk is mere bombast, but it is not likely that it will deter the to-Canada Lessees from prosecuting the work of inevitably uniting the Atlantic and Pacific oceans. An extension of the Panama doctrine might squelch Canada. It is a little singular that President HAYES gives orders to send our ex-Secretary GRANT and the queen's daughter home, as living infringements of the sense of agreat-anglician, the Mormon doctrine.

A bill now before the Ontario Legislature is to amend the act to prevent the spread of Canada thistles. It provides that overseers of highways shall have the power to enter upon or cut thistles on any land sown with grain, except on land sown with fall wheat, and they Canadian thistles are growing on non-resident lands, it shall not be necessary to give notice before proceeding to cut down the same. The bill also makes it imperative on all municipal corporations to authorize the sampling out the provisions of the act. This seems to be rather a round way of going to work, but some of the township or indolent farmers can expect a crop amongst their grain from the overseers of highways. The amendment of the act may work a great reformation, but there will still be found lazy agriculturists enough to keep afloat the seeds of this lonely and nine-lived pest.

The condition of the Irish and Kingdom country may be bad enough, but it appears that in Germany they are even worse off. The Berlin agricultural laborers in Germany get in wages an average of 18¾ cents to 18 cents per day. Their food consists of whey cheese and potatoes, and the levels that shelter them are the most wretched apologies. There is great suffering amongst the agricultural classes generally, and the condition of the people here in terms is not much better. There seems to be no remedy for the suffering but the over-populated countries of the old world, but emigration to such our own Ontario and the great Northwest presents a hope for them all. They may struggle and and starve "at home," or on the "Fatherland," before the land laws are so amended as to give the peasantry and small farmers a tithe of the comfort and prosperity they would secure in half a dozen years by settling in Ontario or the Northwest.

CREAMERIES.

Though Bay of Quinte barley is still treated where beer is brewed, it is still apparent that as a whole the county is better adapted for dairying than for grain growing. A great deal of capital is invested in cheese manufacture and a great many farmers contribute largely to keep them in operation. It is claimed by some good authorities that creameries pay better than cheese. Be that as it may, the matter is worth discussion, and the following paragraph from the *Globe* on the subject will be read with interest:

It is not available if our farmers are to have the permanent system of making butter cheese be so slow in coming into use in Canada. We have adopted it in the old and when we do we shall find the best cheese already occupied. The letter on the subject of creameries in another column is practical. It points out the profitableness of the system and its many points, namely, the cost of hauling and the loss of skimmed milk. As, notwithstanding these objections, the total amount of butter made than the old-fashioned dairy, the question, in the case of hauling, does not stand out. As to the other, the loss of skimmed milk, it is more serious on those cases that make cheese than on the places remote from the farm, and consequently inconvenient of farm and cheese. The objection, however, is not a very serious one, and if the system of creameries were more generally introduced by farmers. Instead of collecting the cream, the milk of the whole neighborhood is brought to one central establishment, where the cream is taken off and the skim milk left to be returned by the owners of the milk. The butter is made by the proprietor of the establishment, who pays the farmers for the cream according to the quantity of milk supplied. Probably the best plan would be for the farmers to form themselves into a joint-stock company, and thus secure the profits of the manufacture. The system is not new to Canada, as it has been in operation for some years in the Province of Quebec, and is now being introduced into Ontario. The butter made in creameries is generally of a superior quality, and commands a higher price than that made in the old way. The system is also said to be more profitable to the farmer, as the cream can be sent to the factory at less cost than the whole milk, and the skim milk is returned to the farm. The creamery system is now receiving considerable attention in the United States, and is likely to become very popular there. It is also being introduced into Ontario. The butter made in creameries is generally of a superior quality, and commands a higher price than that made in the old way. The system is also said to be more profitable to the farmer, as the cream can be sent to the factory at less cost than the whole milk, and the skim milk is returned to the farm. The creamery system is now receiving considerable attention in the United States, and is likely to become very popular there. It is also being introduced into Ontario.

Supplement to the Sentinel-Review.

SATURDAY, 28th FEBY., 1880.

The Boomer.

To the Editor of The Boomer.

DEAR SIR,—With your permission I continue a consideration of the importance of the question of a National Currency for Canada.

Diverse opinions prevail as to the essential meaning of the word money? Is it of itself intrinsic value? Is it merely a representative of value, a device to facilitate the exchange of commodities which are more or less intrinsically valuable? We hold to the latter definition. Money is a creation by government, and hence its value is artificial rather than intrinsic. To prove this, it is only necessary to glance at its history. It will there find that various kinds have, at different times and in different countries been used as money, and that not in themselves necessarily valuable, but on the contrary often of little or commercially. Iron, copper, silver, gold, wood, leather, paper, etc., etc., have all, under government *fiat*, served as money. In the days of Solomon, in Sparta under Lycurgus. In ancient Carthage leather served as currency. In China, five centuries ago, *leather* and *paper* were used as currency. In England, under the Romans, the value of government was not guaged in value according to size and weight, but according to the "token" or engraving upon it. It was stamped with different nominals and denominations, and the coin called for a sow, horses, sheep, or whatever it might represent. In the twelfth century a *wooden* currency called an *Exchequer Tally* was established in England, and remained in use till towards the close of the seventeenth century, when the Bank of England was established, and then came the *Exchequer bills* and notes. Of course these different forms of currency were valueless or Rose-Coloured. The German States, however, had a *Home Currency* and a *Foreign Currency*, the latter being coined from gold and silver. Now, we have only a foreign currency in Canada, and we want also a home currency for our own national tax and development. Xenophon tells us "Most of the ancient Persians have money but they do not esteem except in their own territory." Modern nations have adopted this system of a national or home currency, and been enabled thereby to save themselves from financial ruin. Take France, for instance. After the Franco-German war. It issued paper money to the extent of twenty-five millions of pounds sterling, and by that remarkable and stimulating industrial activities in every direction, was soon enabled to pay a hundred million dollars to Germany as a war indemnity. This is indeed a stupendous fact in favor of a National Currency. Nor did the *fiat* money drive the gold and silver out of circulation, but would reduce industries and augmenting her exports, it actually retained the gold in the country, and drew more to the same time the balance of trade and recuperate her prostrate energies. The United States, in the late civil war, is another example. Their immense issues of paper money saved them financially. Of course their currency depreciated. But why? Because, as a consequence of every internal war, the endurance of the nation forged. There is no fear of depreciation if productive labor keeps pace with the volume of currency. One may get bottoms ahead of the other, that causing temporary depreciation, but ultimately but under the system which is proposed for Canada (not to issue a dollar, except for work done or equivalent received), there is absolutely no fear of this bugaboo, "depreciation." Canada has no alternative before her, from present appearances, but financial bankruptcy, or the issuance of a National Currency with which to pay for all public works and improvements and all Government expenditure. Taxation must cease her loans abroad or become bankrupt. Our total public debt, including municipal indebtedness, is said to be nearly two hundred and fifty millions, with fifteen millions of yearly interest. This drain upon the nation's vitals must prove fatal if continued. The whole country is mortgaged to English capitalists. Those of us who imagine our farms are free of mortgages are mistaken. We are all under mortgage to English Shylocks for English gold. Let the Government of this country shake off its stupidity or perversity, whichever it is, and cease pumping the country deeper in financial ruin. Let them cease borrowing money abroad. Let them issue a National Currency—an absolute necessity for the prosperity of the country—the sinews of the country—with which to pay for all public works and improvements. The Irish chib, which was under the control of Lloyd—Colonel Denbee, R.M. Inspector of Fisheries, Ottawa, is to be established, and three officers and thirty men will be employed. The Government will also erect a hatchery at Newcastle, and will stock the lakes and streams of the Dominion with salmon, salmon trout, whitefish, bass, pickerel, maskinonge and other valuable species of fish. The Government will also erect a hatchery at Newcastle, and will stock the lakes and streams of the Dominion with salmon, salmon trout, whitefish, bass, pickerel, maskinonge and other valuable species of fish.

Tragedy Gun.

AN IRON SELF-FOUNDER AND ITS HISTORY.

OTTAWA, Feb. 10.—A trophy has been placed in the military museum in the new drill hall in this city that is attracting considerable notice by the direction of Superintendent Lee. Why the interest occurs. Its history is given in the following extract which placed on the gun:—"An iron self-founder, manufactured by Messrs. Hall of the United States arsenals by the Government of the United States, and captured by the Confederates at Harper's Ferry, on the 18th of November of that year there, and in the possession of the Confederates through the campaign fortified himself, and held out until the 16th, when he escaped and after marching through the Confederate lines, which was under the command of Lieut.-Colonel Dodge, 2nd Regiment, Michigan Volunteers, and Lieutenant Hall, and other officers and men, and finally reached Washington, on the 19th of December, and was presented to the Government by Lieutenant Hall."

The Lambville mirrors were burned in Chicago last week. One of them, 24 by 30 inches, was valued at $1,000. Two of the mirrors, which is extensively employed in the manufacture of mirrors, and the greater part of his stock was destroyed. The loss is heavy, and means of the business under him, was saved by great exertion at Kingston, and the property is insured in Fort Henry at that place.

Horse-Stealing Fight.

TWO GOES "BET TO" OVER A LOVER.

CHANDLER, Feb. 11.—Lewis Wise and Margaret Downing, young, wealthy people of this place, and rivals for the affections of a young lady, had a horse-fight desperately on Saturday. Wise was severely gashed on the face with a knife, and has a bullet in his shoulder. The lady decided in favor of Wise, and the wedding took place on Sunday.

Supplement to the Sentinel-Review.

SATURDAY, 28th FEBY., 1880.

The Gagnon of a Gamecock.

THE RECORD OF A SAPARES PET WHO WENT WEST.

We clip the following from the St. Louis Times, of Jan. 25th. The subject of the fight and probably many of the characters mentioned are known from Missouri to about three miles:

"Correspondent, Mo., January 30.—About three years ago a young man by the name of Albert Edgar came to this neighborhood from Kentucky. He was accompanied a gamecock in the drug store of E. H. Fowler, of Cambella, relating his position until about November, 1879. Some dissatisfaction existing by, Mr. Farrar determined to give him further encouragement by the purchase of a valuable bird.

Young Edgar soon induced James Nettleton, of Boone county, to enter into partnership with him and commenced the drug business at Armstrong, in Howard county, Missouri. Edgar's bird was the pet of the town. On the 1st of January, two visited St. Louis Dec. 1st, 1879, and returned on the 3rd of January, each for them. In the payment of the amount agreed for the first time when Edgar could not come up with his portion of cash, Northcutt paying most of the expenses. The firm of E. & N., soon opened up with a heavy stock of goods on hand. Edgar remaining in his store shortly after they received Armstrong that he desired to go to Kansas City, which was news to Mr. Northcutt, for he did not dream that Edgar was a married man, and the sole support of a wife and two children, he having secretly married Miss Mary Hardin Bonnell, a young lady of this county. Mr. Bush knew nothing about the drug business, and having confidence in Edgar he entrusted the entire management of the store to him. About the 14th of the month Bush received a telegram from Edgar that he had sold the stock of goods to Dr. Hume, and for him. Bush to come up to Armstrong. When he arrived they were invoicing, the stock which amounted to something over $1,200. Edgar reported as to the liabilities of the firm of Edgar & Bush and was informed by Edgar that the firm owed about $850, and that there was some $550 due to Bush, besides the amount of money he had loaned. Bush owed a small amount of money and returned home, leaving Edgar at Armstrong to collect and settle the business. A few days Bush received a letter from Edgar dated from Cairo, Illinois, on Saturday the 17th inst. Bush some but received another card to be here on Monday the 19th inst. Bush came Centralia, on Saturday and settle up, divide the cash, one Bush was on hand but Edgar was not. Bush waited a few days and went to Armstrong to ascertain something concerning the whereabouts of the absconding partner. He learned that Edgar had been collecting bills and had left for parts unknown. Bush then left and gave a receipt in full. He also learned that Edgar's wife had left Boone county at the same time that Edgar had, and that E. had addressed a letter to his wife, care of Hugo-house, Mexico, Mo. This caused some excitement; as the citizens of Armstrong supposed his wife was in Centralia, with relatives. Bush at once went to Mexico, where he found that Edgar had shipped his goods to Canada, and he and his wife boggit tickets for Chicago.

Mr. Bush is one of our best citizens residing about seven miles north of Centralia, in Audrain Co. He does not know at this time how much money Edgar got, but he knows this, that he has been grossly deceived, and feels that he would not again entrust his money and credits to a man whom he did not know fully.

Report says that there are over forty indictments against Albert Edgar, in the Howard Circuit Court for illegally selling liquor. This no doubt hastened his departure."

A Tragedy Gun.

AN IRON SELF-FOUNDER AND ITS HISTORY.

OTTAWA, Feb. 10.—A trophy has been placed in the military museum in the new drill hall in this city that is attracting considerable notice by the direction of Superintendent Lee. Why the interest occurs. Its history is given in the following extract which placed on the gun:—"An iron self-founder, manufactured by Messrs. Hall of the United States arsenals by the Government of the United States, and captured by the Confederates at Harper's Ferry, on the 18th of November of that year there, and in the possession of the Confederates through the campaign fortified himself, and held out until the 16th, when he escaped and after marching through the Confederate lines, which was under the command of Lieut.-Colonel Dodge, 2nd Regiment, Michigan Volunteers, and Lieutenant Hall, and other officers and men, and finally reached Washington, on the 19th of December, and was presented to the Government by Lieutenant Hall."

The Lambville mirrors were burned in Chicago last week. One of them, 24 by 30 inches, was valued at $1,000. Two of the mirrors, which is extensively employed in the manufacture of mirrors, and the greater part of his stock was destroyed. The loss is heavy, and means of the business under him, was saved by great exertion at Kingston, and the property is insured in Fort Henry at that place.

Horse-Stealing Fight.

TWO GOES "BET TO" OVER A LOVER.

CHANDLER, Feb. 11.—Lewis Wise and Margaret Downing, young, wealthy people of this place, and rivals for the affections of a young lady, had a horse-fight desperately on Saturday. Wise was severely gashed on the face with a knife, and has a bullet in his shoulder. The lady decided in favor of Wise, and the wedding took place on Sunday.

Supplement to the Sentinel-Review.

SATURDAY, 28th FEBY., 1880.

The Gagnon of a Gamecock.

THE RECORD OF A SAPARES PET WHO WENT WEST.

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PTHE. NUBIAN C. NOBE.

CHAMPION HEAVY WEIGHT ATHLETE OF AMERICA.

DUNCAN C. Ross was born in Glasgow, Scotland, in 1856. March 16th. He stands 6 feet 1 inch in height, and weighs 200 lbs. Being naturally fond of athletic exercises, he soon developed into a great athlete. Celebrating games, and, in fact, proved himself second to none save Donald Dinnie. At the age of 21 he came to Canada, since which time he has not resided chiefly in this country, but has visited the United States, having taken part in the principal games in Canada and the United States, winning the numerous prizes and the championship medals which he now wears. He is also the holder of the champion belt, as shown in the above portrait. His measurements are as follows:—Round the chest, 48 inches; round the biceps, 18½ inches; thigh, 28 inches; calf, 16½ inches. He has defeated the best athletes of America, and bears the championship belt. He will be in Napanee in a few days, on invitation of the athletic club lately established here. He is an quiet and unassuming in the commonness of his wonderful powers as Ned Hanlan, and well spoken and gentlemanly.

The Terrible Tragedy in London.

DEVIL OF THE DOMINION DOMICILATED HUSBAND BY SHAKING HER.—THE MOST REVOLTING CRIME IN CANADIAN HISTORY.—ARREST OF SEVEN OF THE VICINITY.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—About two o'clock this morning, a band of armed men went to the house of Wm. Donnelly, at Whaley's Corners, and rapped at the door. Mrs. Donnelly went to the door and was shot dead. The band then went to the house of old man Donnelly and rapped at the door, stating that an officer wanted admittance. On opening the window, they went through the formalities of arresting the inmates, Mr. Donnelly, Mrs. Donnelly, Thos. Donnelly, and a niece of the Donnellys, after which they began to murder them with clubs, axes, etc. After they had killed them all they set fire to the house.

LONDON, Feb. 5.—The excitement here and throughout the whole neighborhood is unabated, except that an ominous silence seems to have taken possession of everybody. Any mention of the crime is carefully avoided. The conclusion, however, is that the people were

AFRAID TO SPEAK WITH FREEDOM.

Twenty-four hours having elapsed since the news of the brutal tragedy was first brought to the village, the people are now unable to comprehend more entirely the unparalleled enormity of such wholesale slaughter and the utter lack of any justifiable cause for the brutal premeditated butchering of five defenceless human beings in cold blood, by an overwhelming force.

NUMBER OF ARMED DESPERADOES,

whose very acts loudly proclaim that some imaginary grievance in all that is necessary for the solution of the problem, in comparison the worst acts of their lives would be looked upon leniently. It is safe by all that property and life itself are now at the mercy of lawless mobs, and that nothing should be left undone to bring under the penalties of outraged justice.

THE BLOODY HANDED MISCREANTS.

The detectives armed with warrants have gone into Biddulph for the purpose of arresting about a score of men charged of being implicated in the murder. Strong evidence is said to have been obtained from scarcee not yet made known.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—About two o'clock this a.m., Robert Donnelly, brother of Jas. and Thomas Donnelly, who was lately murdered, arrived in London. No arrests have been made since last night, though it is stated that about ten more warrants are to be issued for the arrest of other members of the Vigilance Committee. Immense crowds are coming in from all directions to attend the funeral of the murdered Donnellys. At 11.30

THE FUNERAL PROCESSION

left the house of Michael Connors, where the body of John Donnelly had been brought previous to the post mortem examination at the Coroner's inquest, and is proceeding to the Catholic Cemetery, where Father Connolly, resident priest, has promised to meet the remains and celebrate high mass and

BURY THEM WITH THE FULL RIGHTS OF THE CHURCH.

It was reported on the street, yesterday, that Father Connolly had refused to allow their remains to be buried in the Roman Catholic cemetery, but that rumor appears to be unfounded. The sacred rite, known to be members of the Vigilance Committee, are said to be in town to-day.

5 O'CLOCK.—The remains of the Donnellys were interred in the R. C. cemetery, without any opposition, or manifestation of any unusual character. Father Connolly officiated and preached the funeral sermon.

A VERY AFFECTING SERMON

in which he stated that when he heard Biddulph he did not know that the Donnelly boys, but heard they were very hard men and were anxious to make their home. (Laughter.) He did not see why he should be sorry to say he believed it in extenuating circumstances that do away with the crime. He would be believed them good. He said he believed them to be

GOOD MEN BECAUSE OF STRENGTH

to fight at bare, knock a man down, smite horses, burn down buildings, and even kill a man, but a tragedy like the one that had occurred in their midst he did not think any old man had anything to do with and that everybody in honour any thing he had ever met with.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—The nine persons charged with the murder of the Donnelly family were before the police magistrate this morning, but the case was adjourned, as had they were represented, the absence of Mr. Elliott, who is engaged in the Donnelly case. No evidence was offered and the prisoners were remanded for one week. The Donnelly funeral yesterday was the largest ever seen in London. Fully 10,000 people were present, and the procession was over a mile in length. The remains were interred in the R. C. cemetery, Father Connolly officiating. The Donnelly family were highly respected in this community, and the terrible tragedy which has overtaken them with such a fearful suddenness has created a profound sensation throughout the entire country. Many of the people are now afraid to go to bed at night, and the whole community is in a state of excitement.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—The excitement here and throughout the whole neighborhood is unabated, except that an ominous silence seems to have taken possession of everybody. Any mention of the crime is carefully avoided. The conclusion, however, is that the people were

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Twenty-four hours having elapsed since the news of the brutal tragedy was first brought to the village, the people are now unable to comprehend more entirely the unparalleled enormity of such wholesale slaughter and the utter lack of any justifiable cause for the brutal premeditated butchering of five defenceless human beings in cold blood, by an overwhelming force.

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MONEY TO LOAN.

THE CAPITAL BLOCKED.

MONEY TO LOAN—WE ARE

CHEAPEST LOAN COMPANY

FARMERS, ATTENTION!

MONEY TO LOAN—WE ARE

CHEAPEST LOAN COMPANY

CAUTION.

NOTICE.

THOROUGHBRED TROTTING

STALLION FOR SALE.

LOST OR FOUND.

PIG ESTRAY—STRAYED INTO

WANTED.

BOY WANTED—WANTED IM-

WANTED—A GOOD GENERAL

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY

FOR SALE AND TO BE LET

HOUSE FOR SALE—THAT

A LOG COTTAGE TO RENT, WITH

LOT FOR SALE—AN ELIGIBLE

FARMS FOR SALE.

FARM FOR SALE—200 ACRES

FOR SALE—THE MCDOWELL

FARM FOR SALE—THE WEST

FARM FOR SALE—LOT NO. 34

FARM FOR SALE—THE MUR-

FARMS FOR SALE—NO. 1

About 18 or 20 Young Horses

MILBURN IN ONTARIO.

The "Blind Man Eloquent,"

Dr. MILBURN,

Peter Cartwright, the Back-woods Evangelist.

GROUND FEED

FOR SALE.

AT REASONABLE RATES.

PRINGLE & CO.'S

FOUNDRY

AND MACHINE SHOP.

SEEDS

1000 CORDS

CEDAR SHINGLE BOLTS

A BUTTON SALE

FREEHOLD PROPERTY.

Napanee Beaver.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1880.

Copies of to-day's Beaver for sale at Standard and Henderson's Bookstores. Price 5c.

Reviews.

In our synopsis of the council proceedings we stated that *J. J. Perry* and *J. Preddy* had applied for a liquor shop license. It should have been *R. J. Perry*, and we make the correction accordingly.

Spring Assizes.

The court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Nisi Prius in and for the county of Lennox & Addington, will be holden in Napanee on Monday, 29th of April, Hon. Mr. Justice Osler, presiding. Tuesday, April 1st; Belleville, 15th March; Picton, 8th May.

County Council.

The following officers were elected for 1880, at the annual meeting: Chas. Reidy, C. M.; Calvin Webster, D. M.; John Cluff, Chaplain; Edward Bong, secretary; Daniel Hawbrook, treasurer; Andrew McFaul, lecturer; Henry Clum, D. of C. Centreville is to be the next place of holding the annual meeting.

Dr. Hilborn's Lectures.

Let none forget the magnificent lecture to be delivered in the Bricco House Opera Hall on Saturday night, February 28th. Words cannot convey the slightest idea of the orators of the "old man eloquent." His capabilities is world wide, and all who enjoy a high order of entertainment will regret having missed the opportunity of hearing one of the most eloquent of living men. W. J. Knox, Esq., will occupy the chair. Admission, 25c.

Silver Wedding.

The silver anniversary of the wedding of the Rev. Mr. and Mrs. D. Bell fell on Saturday last, and in the evening about sixty of the rev. gentleman's friends called at his residence, South Napanee, to celebrate the occasion. The object of the evening was the presentation of complimentary addresses, a handsome silver watch, and several pieces of silver plate. Supper and the usual social enjoyments followed, and the evening was pleasantly spent.

Canadian Tweeds at $2, $2.25, $2.50, $2.75, $3 per yard. Bobbin & Ford.

The Night Watchman.

By request on our part we have had the pleasure of looking over the record book of the nocturnal gambling angel of the town, Mr. James Rathbone. It shows that he looks sharply to his duties. He records yesterday's the state of the weather, the drunks on the street at night the sleighbells, and they are many, who leave their doors open or unlocked. The "soldiering" of the night is also recorded. At present we can't make lengthy extracts. The last entry shows what a jewel Mr. R. is. After the City Hall fire last night, he went to bed but not it broke out again about two o'clock, when Mr Emerson carried water and got it out. Next day the papers had risen and the blazing subject was Spring towels and rubber hose. He again put the fire out, and no doubt averted another blaze. Some owners learned Mr. R's record, and don't now the town could do without him.

Spencer has reduced prices to suit the hard times.

Napanee Winter Races.

The sporting fraternity of Napanee have organized a number of events for a meeting in Napanee on the ice, on Tuesday and Wednesday, February 17th and 18th. The sum of $700 has been secured for premiums. First day—No. 1, a purse of $50; open to all roadsters, pacing and trotting horses owned in the county of Lennox & Addington; $20 to first, $10 to second, and $5 to third. No 2, purse open to all running horses; premium, a silver mounted saddle, bridle and whip, worth $60, to first and $10 to second; mile heats, catch weights; best three in five. Second day—First $50, open to all 2.50 horses; $30 to first, $15 to second, and $5 to third; best three in five. National rules to govern. Entrance ten per cent of purse. Four to enter and three to start; for running race, three to enter and two start. Everything goes. Judges: J. L. Dedrick, H. Hawbrook and John Allen, Picton. T. D. Pruyn, secretary; J. L. Boyce, treasurer. Entrance may be left with T. R. Jellett, who expects the purses will be paid at the Campbell House hotel on the evening of each day's race.

To hand, per express this morning, Atlantic Tweeds of every shade. Bobbin & Ford.

Napanee Athletic Studio.

A number of young men of Napanee, as we are informed last week, have organized the Napanee Athletic Studio. Their object is to secure the services of Prof. D. C. Ross, champion heavy weight athlete of America, and J. B. Bowen, champion sportsman of the province. The rooms over Bowen & Lounsle's, formerly occupied by the Oddfellows, have been secured and fitted up as an athletic studio and gymnasium. The young gentlemen who are sanguine intended to promote muscular development, may be assured a grateful return without developing muscles of steel, and a constitution of iron. The rooms will be open every afternoon and evening, where any interested in the matter can call and see the fixtures. The room is under the charge of Prof. Ross, whose name is a sufficient guarantee that the institution will be conducted in the most orderly manner. It is proposed to have a series of entertainments, consisting of sparring matches, wrestling matches, &c., in connection with the studio, and the Napanee Athletic Club will be organized. Further notice of the time will be given in the papers. We wish the young men success in their undertaking, and hope they will receive the support they deserve.

An Old Printer's Reverie.

The following interesting old chaser when Napanee lost its low school interests when John J. Mapes was allowed to leave for Peru. The Uxbridge Wild Indeed, of which Mr. H. is principal, says his absence from the village will be a great loss to it. A fond husband, he was encouraged, an undergraduate of Trinity College, etc. A native French lady has also been engaged to teach the French language. The school has been closed for a week to allow Mr. H. time to put in personal attendance to the last three years.

Now Dry Goods Store.

Messrs. Ogden Elliott (for several years with the late firm of S. Hooper & Sons) and John S. Scott, have purchased the stock of the late firm, and intend carrying on the business in a first class style of dry goods. The whole of the extensive stock was purchased at 50 cents on the dollar of the valuation, so our correspondent. It is the intention of the new firm to cut down the prices of good to those figures, and from now till spring the stock will be cut down and sold without reserve. The business will be conducted on in all its departments as before, and the public may depend on getting immediate bargains for two months. Mr. Elliott, the senior member of the firm, is well qualified to conduct the business, and as head salesman Hooper & Sons have made many friends who will no doubt remember him, now that he is carrying on business on his own account.

The Fifteenth Anniversary.

On Tuesday evening last Mr. *J. J. Perry* was presiding along Dundas street, just was of Mr. H. R. Spencer's residence, when it was startled by the sound of two pistol shots in close proximity. He paid little attention at the time, but in the morning his wife discovered two holes in the tail of his coat, both or would have been made by pistol bullets. He remembered then at the time he heard the shots he was sauntering along with his hands in his pants pockets, which would prevent his coat from flying open, making a very handy target. Somebody must have been very anxious to put Perry out of existence, as the shots were almost face to face. Detectives are generally said to be on the track of the would-be assassin.

The Midnight Accident.

On Tuesday evening last Mr. *J. J. Perry* was passing along Dundas street, just was of Mr. H. R. Spencer's residence, when it was startled by the sound of two pistol shots in close proximity. He paid little attention at the time, but in the morning his wife discovered two holes in the tail of his coat, both or would have been made by pistol bullets. He remembered then at the time he heard the shots he was sauntering along with his hands in his pants pockets, which would prevent his coat from flying open, making a very handy target. Somebody must have been very anxious to put Perry out of existence, as the shots were almost face to face. Detectives are generally said to be on the track of the would-be assassin.

HILL POINT.

From an Occasional Correspondent.

Dear Beaver,—

Trade and other relations are about optimistic in this neighborhood. Prospects, here are brighter. Old Farmers Sweet is very well reconciled to moderate job right to his particular share of the year. And is rusticating around in the old fashioned way of his ancestors; have had a merry time for about two weeks.

Our local merchants have lost two more of their number. One has gone west, and the other to court and prove and take unto himself a helpmate.

MOLLIE.

OSSERA.

From a correspondent.

—The Wilmot House, after considerable delay here about two months ago repairs under favorable circumstances, has collapsed, and undaunted by return to the proper place of residence, Waterloo, having disposed of all his lease property to negotiable liabilities, and at the same time securing control of the hostel fairways, which is to be fitted up and furnished by him with a large, commodious supply of irredeemable brownstones and the drift of things, and proposed a gentleman who walks with a limp and looks at objects through an eyeglass, to take charge of goods and chattels, and were about to move, when it was all behold, our hermit Barney had to go down in his pocket, from which he brought out a roll of bills, and in order to make sure last night, the merchant had to change a note of hand. I don't think he will try that scheme on our merchant the next time he comes in that direction. The above paragraph was crowded out last week.

BELLEFIELDS.

From Another Correspondent.

—Since the cold wintry weather set in business of all kinds appears to be rather dull in this village. Everyone seems to be out out over. Whether it is caused by the scarcity of Jack Frost, or the beneficial results of the N. P., it is hard to determine.

A grand concert came to be given place on Ontario Lake on Wednesday, 18th instant. From the large amount of funds raised by the sale of tickets, the concert will be a success. Both the directors of the Bellefields Band and the Bellefields Choir, each feels confident that it will be a very attractive night for those interested.

The Band will on the 18th place in the C. of E. church hall Tuesday, under the able management of Mr. Byron Dudgeon, who is a thorough musician. The public generally are looking forward reluctantly from "H.M.S. Pinafore," which we will remember is the production of the leading organist in this village, and which was rendered by the choir and Sunday school scholars at the Christmas festivities. Mrs. Wallace's song, with chorus of "Go to sleep, my baby, my darling," was rendered in a very beautiful manner by the whole choir. The duet sustained by Mrs. Wallace and Mr. Harry Dorr received a hearty encore. The choir being exceedingly good, and the leader, Mr. Wallace, being a thorough musician, and the chorus are due to them who so justly contributed to the success of the evening.

The very blonde of Mr. Wm. Ansley is very much pleased to be in his element, and the cause of the pleasure is a full child, born on Thursday last. Mr. Ansley is also pleased to be in his element, and the cause of the pleasure is a full child, born on Thursday last. Mr. Ansley is also pleased to be in his element, and the cause of the pleasure is a full child, born on Thursday last.

—Since the new regulations of Trent Valley Canal have been in force, the number of vessels passing through the locks has increased very much. Last year the number was 1,000, and this year it is expected to be 1,500. The number of vessels passing through the locks has increased very much. Last year the number was 1,000, and this year it is expected to be 1,500

LADIES IN WANT OF DRESS GOODS

WILL FIND THAT

THEY CAN GET THE BEST ASSORTMENT

AT THE LOWEST PRICES,

AT DOWNEY AND CO'S

Striped [illegible], a yard wide,	reduced to 27 cents
Plain [illegible], choice shades,	reduced to 20 cents
Striped [illegible], GOOD VALUE,	reduced to 15 cents
Costume Cloths, extra value,	reduced to 25 cents
Serges, all shades, very heavy,	reduced to 22½ cents
Brocaded [illegible],	reduced to 20 cents
All Wool Serges,	reduced to 37½ cents

ALL THE NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE TRIMMINGS.

Brocaded Silk Satin Stripes, Plain Satin Pompadour Trimmings. Velvets in Plain Brocaded, Striped, etc., etc.

BESIDES AN IMMENSE LOT OF REMNANTS,

Suitable for Ladies' Dresses, Suitable for Children's D[illegible].

Tweeds, Winceys, Cottons, Prints, Laces, Ribbons, Table Linens, Flannels, etc., etc.

DOWNEY & CO.

THE

GRANGERS

SELLING

OUT!

GOODS CUT DOWN TO THE VERY LOWEST PRICES

FOR THE

HARD TIMES.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF DRY GOODS.
A FULL ASSORTMENT OF DRY GOODS.
A FULL ASSORTMENT OF DRY GOODS.
A FULL ASSORTMENT OF DRY GOODS.
A FULL ASSORTMENT OF DRY GOODS.

A COMPLETE STOCK OF GROCERIES
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[illegible] Yours respectfully, A. H. BAXTON, M.D., Baltimore.

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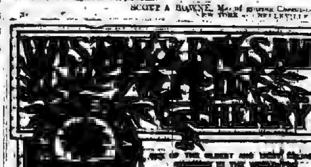

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